

1. In which of the following states is the Indus Valley site Kalibanga located?
(A) Rajasthan (B) Madhya Pradesh
(C) Uttar Pradesh (D) Gujarat
2. Which of the following was a port city of the Indus Valley Civilization?
(A) Dholavira (B) Kalibanga
(C) Rakhigarhi (D) Lothal
3. Which site was discovered by Rakhaldas Banerjee?
(A) Harappa (B) Lothal
(C) Mohenjodaro (D) Ropar
4. The literal meaning of the word 'Arya' is
(A) brave or warrior (B) best or noble
(C) sacrificer or priest (D) Scholar
5. The words 'Satyameva Jayate' used in the national emblem of India are taken from which Upanishad?
(A) Mundaka Upanishad
(B) Katha Upanishad
(C) Ish Upanishad
(D) Vrihadaranyaka Upanishad
6. Where is 'Asato ma sadgamaya' taken from?
(A) Rigveda (B) Yajurveda
(C) Samveda (D) Atharvaveda
7. The famous battle of ten kings "Dasharajya War" was fought on which coast?
(A) Ganga (B) Brahmaputra
(C) Kaveri (D) Parushni
8. Between the centuries BCE, Magadha became the most powerful mahajanapada.
(A) Sixth and fourth (B) Seventh and Eighth
(C) First and second (D) Second and third
9. Who was the first Tirthankara of Jainism?
(A) Neminath (B) Mahavir
(C) Rishabhdev (D) Parshwanath
10. Who is considered the real founder of Jainism?
(A) Neminath (B) Rishabhdev
(C) Mahavir (D) Parshwanath
11. In which language was the Jain religious text written?
(A) Pali (B) Sanskrit
(C) prakrit (D) Dravid
12. Where was Mahatma Buddha born?
(A) Sarnath (B) Gaya
(C) Rajgir (D) Lumbini
13. 'Syadvad' is the basic foundation of the philosophy of which religion?
(A) Jainism (B) Shaivism
(C) Buddhism (D) Bhagwat religion
14. Where did Mahatma Buddha give his first sermon?
(A) Shravanabelagola (B) Patiliputra
(C) Sarnath (D) Vallabhi
15. Between which two rivers was the kingdom of Porus present?
(A) Sutlej and Beas (B) Ravi and Chenab
(C) Jhelum and Chenab (D) Ravi and Sutlej
16. Which of the following time duration matches with the reign of Sher Shah Suri?
(A) 1556-61 (B) 1530-35
(C) 1526-30 (D) 1540-45
17. The first Battle of Panipat took place in which year?
(A) 1656 (B) 1576
(C) 1629 (D) 1526
18. Mehrunnisa married the Emperor ____ and received the title Nur Jahan. in 1611
(A) Bahadur Shah Zafar (B) Jahangir
(C) Akbar (D) Shahjahan
19. In which year did Sher Shah Suri defeated Humayun and took over the Mughal empire?
(A) 1548 (B) 1532
(C) 1525 (D) 1540
20. Gulbadan Begum was the daughter of?
(A) Babar's (B) Humayun's
(C) Shahjahan's (D) Aurangzeb's
21. By what name was the district known in the Mughal administration?
(A) Ahar (B) Dastur
(C) Suba (D) Sarkar
22. Sher Shah's childhood name was?
(A) Farid Khan (B) Hassan Khan
(C) Hussain Khan (D) Bahar Khan
23. The real name of Mumtaz Mahal was
(A) Arjumand Bano Begum
(B) Ladli Begum
(C) Mehrunnisa
(D) Roshan Ara
24. Which tomb is called the 'Second Taj Mahal'?
(A) Tomb of Anarkali
(B) Tomb of Itmad-ud-Daula
(C) Tomb of Rabia-ud-Daurani/Bibi Ka Maqbara
(D) None of these

25. When Humayun attacked Chunar fort for the first time?
 (A) 1532 AD (B) 1531 AD
 (C) 1533 AD (D) 1536 AD
26. When was the battle of Haldighati fought?
 (A) 1526 AD (B) 1576 AD
 (C) 1605 AD (D) 1660 AD
27. Which Mughal Emperor ruled twice?
 (A) Shahjahan (B) Humayun
 (C) Babar (D) Jahangir
28. In which year was the Bahmani kingdom established?
 (A) 1356 (C) 1339
 (B) 1347 (D) 1325
29. What was the name of the husband of the famous poetess Mirabai?
 (A) Rana Ratan Singh (B) Rajkumar Bhojraj
 (C) Rana Uday Singh (D) Rana Sanga
30. Who was made the Nawab of Bengal after the Battle of Plassey.
 (A) Siraj-ud-Daula (B) Mir Jafar
 (C) Alivardi Khan (D) Mir Qasim
31. Where among the following did the Revolt of 1857 start?
 (A) Meerut (B) Delhi
 (C) Kanpur (D) Jhansi
32. Who among the following was the Governor General of India at the time of the Revolt of 1857?
 (A) Lord Lytton
 (B) Lord Dalhousie
 (C) Lord William Bentinck
 (D) Lord Canning
33. Which of the following was the original name of Rani Lakshmbai?
 (A) Manikarnika (B) Padma
 (C) Ahilya (D) Jai Shri
34. Mangal Pandey, who single-handedly started the rebellion in 1857 AD, was related to -
 (A) from the 34th Native Infantry
 (B) from the 38th Native Infantry
 (C) from the 22nd Native Infantry
 (D) from the 19th Native Infantry
35. From which city did Begum Hazrat Mahal lead the revolt of 1857?
 (A) Lucknow (B) Banaras
 (C) Allahabad (D) Kanpur
36. Who was the first Governor General of Bengal?
 (A) John McPherson (B) William Bentinck
 (C) Warren Hastings (D) John Shore
37. Who was known as the "Liberator of the Indian Press"?
 (A) Bentinck (B) Macaulay
 (C) Hastings (D) Metcalfe
38. Who among the following introduced the 'Doctrine of Lapse'?
 (A) Lord Canning (B) Lord Ripon
 (C) Lord Dalhousie (D) Warren Hastings
39. Who is called the father of civil service in British India?
 (A) Lord Cornwallis (B) Lord Hastings
 (C) Warren Hastings (D) Lord Wellesley
40. The first Factory Act in India to improve the conditions of labour was proposed during the tenure of ___?
 (A) Lord Dufferin (B) Lord Curzon
 (C) Lord Ripon (D) Lord Canning

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

भारतीय इतिहास Indian History

DPP-1

ANSWER KEY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
A	D	C	B	A	A	D	A	C	C	C	D	A	C	C
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
D	D	B	D	A	D	A	A	C	A	B	B	B	B	B
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
A	D	A	A	A	C	D	C	A	C					

1. When was the Taj Mahal declared a World Heritage Site?
(A) 1983 (B) 1981
(C) 1984 (D) 1982
2. Where is the Konark Sun Temple located?
(A) Odisha (B) Gujarat
(C) Tamil Nadu (D) Andhra Pradesh
3. On the banks of which of the following river is the Bara Imambara located in Uttar Pradesh?
(A) Kaveri (B) Sabarmati
(C) Gomti (D) Yamuna
4. In which of the following states is the Chandragad fort situated?
(A) Gujarat (B) Karnataka
(C) Madhya Pradesh (D) Maharashtra
5. When was the Khajuraho group of monuments declared a World Heritage Site?
(A) 1986 (B) 1987
(C) 1988 (D) 1985
6. Where is Sundarbans National Park located?
(A) West Bengal (B) Rajasthan
(C) Assam (D) Madhya Pradesh
7. Where is Nanda Devi and Valley of Flowers National Park located?
(A) Delhi (B) Uttarakhand
(C) Maharashtra (D) Punjab
8. Where is Humayun's Tomb located?
(A) Agra (B) Gwalior
(C) None of these (D) Delhi
9. Who built the Qutub Minar?
(A) Qutubuddin Aibak (B) Shahjahan
(C) Shershah Suri (D) Aurangzeb
10. 'Nirmal painting' belongs to which of the following state?
(A) Tripura (B) Orissa
(C) Bihar (D) Telangana
11. Which of the following rulers built Charminar?
(A) Sher Shah Suri
(B) Shah Jahan
(C) Nizamia Unani
(D) Mohammed Quli Qutab Shah
12. Sonal Mansingh is associated with which of the following?
(A) Classical Dancer (B) Painting
(C) Astrologer (D) Classical Singer
13. Which tribe is found in Nilgiri Hills?
(A) Bhil tribe (B) Gond tribe
(C) Santhal tribe (D) Toda tribe
14. In which state is the religious festival Dandiya celebrated with great gaiety?
(A) Gujarat (B) Maharashtra
(C) Madhya Pradesh (D) Uttar Pradesh
15. Which of the following is not a classical dance in India?
(A) Kathak (B) satriya
(C) Manipuri (D) Bhangra
16. 'Kalamkari' folk art is related to which of the following states?
(A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Gujarat
(C) Haryana (D) Bihar
17. From which of the following states did the Ghoomar dance style originate?
(A) Assam (B) Punjab
(C) Rajasthan (D) Gujarat
18. 'Phulkari' folk art is prevalent in which of the following?
(A) Gujarat (B) Haryana
(C) Andhra Pradesh (D) Bihar
19. Out of these, 'Pandavani' is the main folk dance style of which state?
(A) Uttar Pradesh (B) Chhattisgarh
(C) Uttarakhand (D) Madhya Pradesh
20. What is the full form of UNESCO?
(A) United National Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization
(B) United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization
(C) United Nations Educational Science and Cultural Organization
(D) Union Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization
21. Which language do the people of Lakshadweep speak?
(A) Malayalam (B) Tamil
(C) Kannada (D) Telugu
22. The name of the great maestro of Indian music 'Ustad Bismillah Khan' is associated with?
(A) Shehnai (B) Tabla
(C) Sarod (D) flute
23. In which district of which state are the Ajanta caves located?
(A) Aurangabad of Maharashtra
(B) Raisen of Madhya Pradesh
(C) Orissa
(D) Kerala

24. Whose temple is especially famous in the Elephanta Caves?
 (A) Krishna Temple (B) Vishnu Temple
 (C) Kailash Temple (D) Brahma Mandir
25. Which of the following is a North Indian dance?
 (A) Kathakali (B) Manipuri
 (C) Odissi (D) Kathak
26. 'Rauf' is the main folk dance form of which of the following states?
 (A) Himachal Pradesh (B) West Bengal
 (C) Gujarat (D) Jammu Kashmir
27. Amjad Ali Khan is related to which musical instrument?
 (A) Sarod (B) Violin
 (C) Veena (D) Sitar
28. Kathakali dance style is related to which state?
 (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Karnataka
 (C) Kerala (D) Tamil Nadu
29. In which state is the annual fair called "Ganga Sagar Mela" held?
 (A) Uttar Pradesh (B) Bihar
 (C) West Bengal (D) Karnataka
30. Yamini Krishnamurthy is famous for which of the following dance styles?
 (A) Odissi (B) Manipuri
 (C) Yakshagana (D) Bharatanatyam
31. In which Indian state did the Sattriya dance style originate?
 (A) Tamil Nadu (B) Uttar Pradesh
 (C) Manipur (D) Assam
32. When was UNESCO established?
 (A) 16 November 1945
 (B) 23 December 1947
 (C) 13 March 1948
 (D) 14 October 1946
33. Where is the headquarters of UNESCO located?
 (A) Paris, (France)
 (B) Geneva (Switzerland)
 (C) Washington (D)(C) (United States)
 (D) Lyon (France)
34. Where are Ajanta caves located?
 (A) Agra (B) Delhi
 (C) Jaipur (D) Aurangabad
35. When were Ajanta Caves declared a World Heritage Site
 (A) 1981 (B) 1983
 (C) 1982 (D) 1984
36. In which year was the construction of the Rashtrapati Bhavan completed?
 (A) 1929 (B) 1928
 (C) 1930 (D) 1927
37. In which of the following states is the Bihula festival very popular?
 (A) Gujarat (B) Bihar
 (C) Madhya Pradesh (D) Maharashtra
38. Hariprasad Chaurasia was a eminent artist of which of the following?
 (A) Tabla (B) Sitar
 (C) Flute (D) Sarod
39. Under whose reign was the Konark Sun Temple built?
 (A) King Pulakeshin I
 (B) King Vairisimha
 (C) King Narasimhadeva-I
 (D) King Vikramaditya
40. Who constructed Sanchi Stupa?
 (A) Akbar
 (B) Skandagupta
 (C) Prithviraj Chauhan
 (D) Ashok

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

भारतीय संस्कृति
 Indian Culture

DPP-1

ANSWER KEY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
A	A	C	D	A	A	B	D	A	D	D	A	D	A	D
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
A	C	B	B	B	A	A	A	C	D	D	A	C	C	D
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
D	A	A	D	B	A	B	C	C	D					

1. Periyar National Park is located in which state?
(A) Tamil Nadu (B) Kerala
(C) Andhra Pradesh (D) Karnataka
2. Who is a threat to the environment?
(A) Growing plants
(B) Increasing population
(C) Growing crops
(D) Increasing technology
3. The word environment is derived from:
(A) French (B) English
(C) Latin (D) Russian
4. The part of the earth where life exists is known as:
(A) hydrosphere (B) Lithosphere
(C) Biosphere (D) Ionosphere
5. Salim Ali belongs to the _____ field of:
(A) Environment (B) Picture
(C) Film industry (D) Musician
6. Orang National Park is located in which state?
(A) Arunachal Pradesh (B) Assam
(C) Manipur (D) Meghalaya
7. India's first butterfly park has been developed in which national park?
(A) Bannerghatta National Park, Karnataka
(B) Nagarhole National Park, Karnataka
(C) National Zoological Park, Calcutta
(D) Kaziranga National Park, Assam
8. Who publishes the Red Data Book?
(A) United Nations Environment Program
(B) World Wildlife Fund
(C) World Environment Facility
(D) International Union for the Conservation of Nature and Nature Resources
9. In which state of India are Asiatic lions found?
(A) Gujarat (B) Maharashtra
(C) Madhya Pradesh (D) Tamil Nadu
10. What is the other name of Earth Summit?
(A) Geneva conference
(B) Brazilia Conference
(C) Rio conference
(D) World Conference
11. "Ecology is permanent economy" was the slogan of which movement?
(A) Chipko movement
(B) Ave Narmada Movement
(C) Appico movement
(D) None of these
12. Which of these days is celebrated as World Environment Day all over the world?
(A) 5 July (B) 10th June
(C) 20 October (D) 5th June
13. In which of the following years the Forest Conservation Act was amended?
(A) 1978 (B) 1988
(C) 1963 (D) 1952
14. Which of these elements present in drinking water can cause many fatal diseases?
(A) Phosphorus (B) Calcium
(C) Arsenic (D) None of the above
15. Which greenhouse gas is produced by ruminant animals?
(A) Carbon dioxide (B) water vapor
(C) Methane (CH₄) (D) Nitrous Oxide
16. What is the undesirable change in the fixed natural quantity of gases in the atmosphere called-
(A) Air pollution
(B) Water pollution
(C) Noise pollution
(D) Radioactive pollution
17. Air pollution is caused by
(A) Loudspeaker
(B) Use of pesticides
(C) Smoke
(D) None of these
18. Minamata disease is caused by
(A) Hg (mercury) (B) Pb (lead)
(C) Cd (Cadmium) (D) None of these
19. Which atmospheric pollutant is the main cause of acid rain-
(A) SO₂ (sulphur dioxide)
(B) O₂ (oxygen)
(C) CO₂ (carbon dioxide)
(D) HCl (hydrochloric acid)
20. Where was the International Acid Rain Information Centre established-
(A) Oslo (Norway) (B) New Delhi
(C) Beijing (D) New York
21. Who discovered acid rain-
(A) Robert Angus Smith
(B) Martin Behem
(C) J. J. Thomson
(D) Rutherford
22. Which harmful rays are absorbed by the ozone layer?
(A) Gamma rays (B) Ultraviolet rays
(C) X rays (D) None of these
23. Dobson unit is used in
(A) In mass measurement
(B) In measuring long distances
(C) In measuring the thickness of the ozone layer
(D) None of these
24. The term 'ecosystem' was coined by _____
(A) Einstein
(B) A. G. tansley
(C) Mac Nanhonton
(D) none of the above

25. When is World Wildlife Week celebrated
 (A) First week of September
 (B) Last week of September
 (C) First week of October
 (D) Last week of October
26. When was Project Tiger launched?
 (A) 1973 (B) 1975
 (C) 1976 (D) 1977
27. What was the first theme of World Environment Day (WED) held in 1973?
 (A) Only One Earth
 (B) Human Settlements
 (C) Desertification
 (D) Give Earth a Chance
28. Which of the following National Parks of India is included in the World Heritage?
 (A) Great Himalaya National Park
 (B) Manas National Park
 (C) Nandadevi Biodiversity Reserve
 (D) All of the above
29. Navegaon National Park is located in which state?
 (A) Gujarat
 (B) Maharashtra
 (C) Madhya Pradesh
 (D) Karnataka
30. In which year the Environment Protection Act was passed?
 (A) 1985 (B) 1986
 (C) 1987 (D) 1988
31. When was Project Elephant started with the aim of protecting elephants and increasing their population?
 (A) 1991 (B) 1992
 (C) 1993 (D) 1994
32. Pygmy Hog is the smallest species of pig in the world. In which state is the Pygmy Hog Research and Breeding Center located?
 (A) Meghalaya (B) Orissa
 (C) Kerala (D) Assam
33. What does the IUCN Red List, established in 1964, provide information about?
 (A) Genetically Modified Crops
 (B) Dangerous Plant Species
 (C) Endangered Species
 (D) Threatened Species
34. The extinct Dodo species of bird which could not fly was found in which country?
 (A) Morocco (B) Sri Lanka
 (C) Mauritius (D) India
35. What is the Global 200?
 (A) list of the world's 200 largest companies released by Forbes
 (B) List of 200 world heritage sites released by UNESCO
 (C) 200 important cities of the world
 (D) List of 200 ecoregions designated for conservation by WWF
36. Bhitarkanika National Park is located in which state?
 (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) West Bengal
 (C) Orissa (D) Karnataka
37. The science that deals with the relationships between living organisms with their physical environment and with each other
 (A) ecosystem (B) Biodiversity
 (C) Environment (D) Ecology
38. Animals that consume both plant and animal matter are referred to as
 (A) herbivore (B) carnivore
 (C) Necromorphs (D) omnivores
39. Ranthambore National Park is located in which state?
 (A) Madhya Pradesh (B) Maharashtra
 (C) Uttar Pradesh (D) Rajasthan
40. In which year was the Forest Conservation Act passed?
 (A) 1986 (B) 1990
 (C) 1980 (D) 1988

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

पर्यावरण

Environment

DPP-1

ANSWER KEY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
B	B	A	C	A	B	A	D	A	C	A	D	B	C	C
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
A	C	A	A	A	A	B	C	B	D	A	A	D	B	B
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
B	D	C	C	D	C	D	D	D	C					

1. Where is the headquarters of ATP (Association of Tennis Professionals) located?
(A) Switzerland (B) New York
(C) Paris (D) London
2. Which team had won the first men's Cricket World Cup in the year 1975?
(A) India (B) Pakistan
(C) West Indies (D) Australia
3. Generally after how many years are Commonwealth Games organized?
(A) 3 years (B) 4 years
(C) 5 years (D) 6 years
4. Where is Green Park Stadium?
(A) Kolkata (B) Mumbai
(C) Kanpur (D) Lucknow
5. Walker Cup is related to which sport?
(A) Cricket (B) Football
(C) Fencing (D) Golf
6. Eisenhower Cup is related to which of the following sports?
(A) Tennis (B) Chess
(C) Football (D) Golf
7. Which of the following cup/trophy is awarded for women in the sport of badminton
(A) Webb Ellis Cup (B) Wisden Trophy
(C) Uber Cup (D) Derby Cup
8. The term 'stopper' is associated with which of the following sports?
(A) Football (B) Hockey
(C) Rugby Football (D) Cricket
9. Who was the first Indian to win an individual medal in Olympics?
(A) Milkha Singh
(B) Karnam Malleswari
(C) P. T. Usha
(D) K. D. Jadhav
10. In which year did India first participate in the Olympic Games?
(A) 1900 (B) 1925
(C) 1923 (D) 1924
11. Cricket World Cup, 1983 was held at which of the following places?
(A) England (B) Australia
(C) West Indies (D) India
12. In which year did the IPL start?
(A) 2010 (B) 2007
(C) 2008 (D) 2009
13. What is the national sport of USA?
(A) Carfball (B) Volleyball
(C) Handball (D) Baseball
14. Ice Hockey' is the national sport of which country?
(A) Denmark (B) Sweden
(C) Scotland (D) Canada
15. Who started the practice of Polo game in India?
(A) Portuguese (B) Greek
(C) English (D) Turkey
16. The term 'checkmate' is associated with which game?
(A) Chess (B) Boxing
(C) Wrestling (D) Badminton
17. What is the width of a football goal post?
(A) 23.32 feet (B) 24.66 feet
(C) 24.90 feet (D) 25.21 feet
18. In which game is the term 'Beamer' used?
(A) Football (B) Tennis
(C) Chess (D) Cricket
19. Mithali Raj is a famous player of which sport?
(A) Football (B) Cricket
(C) Chess (D) Hockey
20. The game of Polo was popular in which state of India?
(A) Assam (B) Mizoram
(C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Manipur
21. How many squares are there in the game of chess?
(A) 64 (B) 65
(C) 66 (D) 67
22. When is National Sports Day celebrated?
(A) 12 August (B) 29 August
(C) 20 August (D) 27 August
23. In which country is the famous cricket venue 'Sharjah' located?
(A) India
(B) United Arab Emirates
(C) Sri Lanka
(D) Australia
24. Who was the first Indian player to score a triple century in Test cricket?
(A) Sourav Ganguly (B) Virender Sehwag
(C) Sachin Tendulkar (D) none of these
25. Which magazine is called the 'Bible of Cricket'?
(A) Pakhi (B) Wisden
(C) BBC (D) None of these

26. Olympic Day is celebrated on which day?
 (A) 21st June (B) 22 June
 (C) 23rd June (D) 24th June
27. The author of the book "Stargazing : The Players in My Life" is -
 (A) Sunil Gavaskar (B) Virat Kohli
 (C) Sachin Tendulkar (D) Ravi Shastri
28. Where is the famous Sawai Jai Singh Stadium for cricket located?
 (A) Ajmer (B) Bharatpur
 (C) Jodhpur (D) Jaipur
29. Which Indian cricketer is nicknamed Tiger?
 (A) Dhoni (B) Pataudi
 (C) Kapil Dev (D) Sunil Gavaskar
30. What is the weight of the lenticular disc used in discus throw for women?
 (A) 1 kg (B) 2 kg
 (C) 3 kg (D) 1.6 kg
31. Sultan Azlan Shah Cup is related to which sport?
 (A) badminton (B) Hockey
 (C) table tennis (D) golf
32. "THE WORLD BENEATH HIS FEET" is whose biography?
 (A) Pullela Gopichand (B) Nawab Pataudi
 (C) Rahul Dravid (D) Sachin Tendulkar
33. The terms Volley, Smash, Service are related to which sport?
 (A) Table tennis (B) Lawn Tennis
 (C) Volleyball (D) Handball
34. 'Agriculture Shot' is related to which sport?
 (A) Cricket (B) Hockey
 (C) Golf (D) Polo
35. Murugappa Gold Cup is related to which of the following sports?
 (A) Football (B) Hockey
 (C) Cricket (D) Table tennis
36. Youth Olympic Games are organized for which category of players?
 (A) Youth between 10-14 years old
 (B) Youth between 14-18 years old
 (C) Youth between 13-21 years old
 (D) Youth between 14-21 years old
37. Where is the headquarter of Swimming Federation of India?
 (A) Kolkata (B) Ahmedabad
 (C) Chandigarh (D) New Delhi
38. Which sporting competition is known as "Big Bash League"?
 (A) Football (B) Volleyball
 (C) Basketball (D) Cricket
39. Which state of India has the Greenfield International Stadium?
 (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Telangana
 (C) Kerala (D) Tamil Nadu
40. Which of the following represents the five rings of the emblem of the Olympic Games?
 (A) Five founders who played an active role in starting the Olympic Games
 (B) Five continents of the world
 (C) Five major events that paved the way for the beginning of the Olympic Games
 (D) Five major body parts important for sports

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

खेल-कूद
Sports

DPP-1

ANSWER KEY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
D	C	B	C	D	D	C	A	D	A	A	C	D	D	D
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
A	B	D	B	D	A	B	B	B	B	C	D	D	B	A
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
B	A	B	A	B	B	B	D	C	B					

1. Maqbool Fida Husain was an Indian artist known for____
(A) Freedom fighter (B) Football
(C) Paintings (D) Singing
2. In which of the following district of Madhya Pradesh state, Dhruvad Kendra established in 1981?
(A) Balaghat (B) Bhopal
(C) Ujjain (D) Ashoknagar
3. Historical Kharbooja Mahal is located in which of the following district of Madhya Pradesh?
(A) Datia (B) Dhar
(C) Betul (D) Harda
4. Lanji fort is located in which of the following district of Madhya Pradesh
(A) Betul (B) Balaghat
(C) Ashoknagar (D) Harda
5. Historic Heliodorus Pillar is located in which of the following districts of Madhya Pradesh?
(A) Ujjain (B) Tikamgarh
(C) Sidhi (D) Vidisha
6. The famous temple of Nagalwadi (Bhilat Dev Nag Devta) is located in which of the following district of Madhya Pradesh?
(A) Barwani (B) Betul
(C) Balaghat (D) Harda
7. Ustad Alauddin Khan Academy of Music and Arts located in which of the following district of Madhya Pradesh?
(A) Gwalior (B) Bhopal
(C) Satna (D) Katni
8. Religious Dhareshwar Temple is located in which of the following district of Madhya Pradesh?
(A) Barwani (B) Datia
(C) Harda (D) Dhar
9. Fort of __ was known as Gibraltar of Indi(A)
(A) Raisen (B) Aurangabad
(C) Gwalior (D) Sanchi
10. Karopani Natural Deer park is located in which of the following district of Madhya Pradesh?
(A) Harda (B) Datia
(C) Betul (D) Dindori
11. Where was Garuda Stambha established?
(A) Vidisha (B) Gwalior
(C) Burhanpur (D) Ashoknagar
12. Sahitya Akademi is located in which of the following district of Madhya Pradesh state?
(A) Bhopal (B) Burhanpur
(C) Jabalpur (D) Sagar
13. Which is the highest peak of Bundelkhand plateau
(A) Dhupgarh Peak (B) Siddha Baba Peak
(C) Cigar Peak (D) Janapav Peak
14. Bhopal is situated
(A) on five hills (B) on two hills
(C) on a hill (D) on seven hills
15. Narmada valley is situated between which mountain ranges
(A) Vindhyaachal and Aravalli mountain ranges
(B) Bhandar and Maikal mountain ranges
(C) Satpura and Aravalli mountain ranges
(D) Satpura and Vindhyaachal mountain ranges
16. Madhya Pradesh is mainly
(A) Field (B) Mountain
(C) Valley (D) Plateau
17. What is the length of Narmada River in Madhya Pradesh?
(A) 1055 km (B) 1066 km
(C) 1077 km (D) 1078 km
18. Tansen Music Festival is celebrated every year at which of the following places?
(A) Gwalior (B) Lucknow
(C) Indore (D) Ujjain
19. Raja Bhoj Airport is located in which city?
(A) Indore (B) Bhopal
(C) Nagpur (D) Gwalior
20. Which is the highest peak of Madhya Pradesh?
(A) Devgarh (B) Dhupgarh
(C) Janapav (D) Bagli
21. Where is the Samadhi of Baiju Bawra?
(A) Chanderi (B) Gwalior
(C) Mandala (D) Burhanpur
22. Where is Captain Roop Singh Stadium in Madhya Pradesh?
(A) Gwalior (B) Indore
(C) Bhopal (D) Burhanpur
23. Who built the Gurjari Mahal of Gwalior?
(A) Raja Man Singh Tomar
(B) Raja Parmal Dev
(C) Raja Suraj Pal
(D) Yashwant Rao Holkar
24. In which district of Madhya Pradesh is Chitrakoot Tirtha located?
(A) Satna (B) Chhatarpur
(C) Jhabua (D) Gwalior
25. Who established the Indore Gharana?
(A) Ustad Amir Khan
(B) Ustad Bismillah Khan
(C) Abdul Karim Khan
(D) None of these

26. Which place is called the energy capital of Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Singrauli (B) Indore
 (C) Gwalior (D) None of these
27. Which is the district producing maximum opium in Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Ujjain (B) Raisen
 (C) Mandsaur (D) Khandwa
28. Where is Aishbagh Stadium located in Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Indore (B) Bhopal
 (C) Jabalpur (D) Satna
29. Where is holker Stadium located in Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Indore (B) Bhopal
 (C) Jabalpur (D) Satna
30. Malajkhand mine is related to which mineral?
 (A) Bauxite (B) Copper
 (C) Manganese (D) Limestone
31. The first Chief Minister of Madhya Pradesh was:-
 (A) Ravi Shankar Shukla
 (B) Govind Narayan Singh
 (C) Govind Vallabh Pant
 (D) Kailash Chandra Joshi
32. Bharhut Stupa is located in which district of Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Satna (B) Jhabua
 (C) Shivpuri (D) Gwalior
33. Sardarpur Wildlife Sanctuary is located in which district of Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Ratlam (B) Dhar
 (C) Jhabua (D) Gwalior
34. Why is Padmashree Bhuri Bai famous?
 (A) Painting (B) Music
 (C) Dance (D) Writing
35. In front of which temple is the dance performed in Khajuraho Dance Festival?
 (A) Vamana and Adinatha Temple
 (B) Matangeswara and Varaha Temple
 (C) Laxman and Brahma Temple
 (D) Chitr Gupta and Vishwanath Temple
36. According to the 2011 census, which is the most populated district in Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Bhopal (B) Gwalior
 (C) Indore (D) Burhanpur
37. According to Census 2011, which district of Madhya Pradesh has the highest literacy rate?
 (A) Dindori (B) Hoshangabad
 (C) Indore (D) Jabalpur
38. Sachin Tendulkar scored the world's first double century in which stadium of Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Captain Roop Singh Stadium
 (B) Nehru Stadium
 (C) Holkar Cricket Stadium
 (D) Gwalior International Cricket Stadium
39. In which area of Madhya Pradesh is red and yellow soil found?
 (A) Baghelkhand region
 (B) North Madhya Pradesh
 (C) Chambal region
 (D) Highland area
40. Who was the first Chief Justice of Madhya Pradesh?
 (A) Justice M Hidayatullah
 (B) Justice Katju
 (C) Justice Khanwilkar
 (D) None of these

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

मध्यप्रदेश सामान्यज्ञान

DPP-1

MPGK

ANSWER KEY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
C	B	B	B	D	A	B	D	C	D	A	A	B	A	D
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
D	C	A	B	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	A	B
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
A	A	B	A	D	C	D	A	A	A					

1. Who among the following designed the national flag of independent India?
 - (A) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (B) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
 - (C) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (D) Pingla Vekaiya
2. Which part of the National Pillar located at Sarnath has been adopted as a national symbol?
 - (A) Top part
 - (B) Middle part
 - (C) Base part
 - (D) Complete part
3. Which Samvat has been recognized as the national calendar of India?
 - (A) Vikrami Samvat
 - (B) Shaka Samvat
 - (C) Kollam Samvat
 - (D) Gregorian calendar
4. The first month of the national calendar based on Shank Samvat is?
 - (A) Chaitra
 - (B) Aishakh
 - (C) Magh
 - (D) Karthik
5. Before tiger, the national animal of India was?
 - (A) Deer
 - (B) Nilgai
 - (C) Lion
 - (D) Rhinoceros
6. Who started Shaka Samvat?
 - (A) Ashoka
 - (B) Vikramaditya
 - (C) Chandragupta Maurya
 - (D) Kanishka
7. When was the national flag adopted?
 - (A) 26 July 1947
 - (B) 26 November 1949
 - (C) 22 July 1947
 - (D) 24 January 1950
8. The original Indian Constitution was handwritten by -
 - (A) Nand Lal Bose
 - (B) Vyohar Rammanohar Sinha
 - (C) Prem Bihari Narayan Raizada
 - (D) Vasanta Krishnan Vaidya
9. Who among the following was not a member of the Drafting Committee-
 - (A) H.C. Mukherjee
 - (B) N.G. Iyengar
 - (C) S.M. Saadullah
 - (D) K. M. Munshi
10. Who made the Indian Constitution?
 - (A) Constituent Assembly
 - (B) British Parliament
 - (C) Governor General
 - (D) Indian Parliament
11. Who presided over the first meeting of the Constituent Assembly of India-
 - (A) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - (B) Dr. Sachchidanand Sinha
 - (C) B R Ambedkar
 - (D) Sardar Patel
12. Constitution Day is celebrated in India on-
 - (A) 26 January
 - (B) 26 November
 - (C) 15 August
 - (D) None of the above
13. The Directive Principles of State Policy have been taken from the Constitution of which country-
 - (A) United States of America
 - (B) Soviet Union
 - (C) England
 - (D) Ireland
14. Who was the permanent President of the Constituent Assembly?
 - (A) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (B) Dr. Sachchidanand
 - (C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - (D) Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar
15. How much time did the Constituent Assembly take to prepare the Constitution?
 - (A) 2 years, 11 months, 19 days
 - (B) 2 years, 11 months, 18 days
 - (C) 3 years, 11 months, 18 days
 - (D) 5 years, 11 months, 20 days
16. B.R. Ambedkar was elected to the Constituent Assembly in-
 - (A) from West Bengal
 - (B) From Mumbai Presidency
 - (C) From then Central India
 - (D) From Punjab
17. Who among the following was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly -
 - (A) J.B. Kriplani
 - (B) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - (C) J.L. Nehru
 - (D) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
18. The provision of "Doctrine of Residual Powers" has been taken in India from the constitution of which country -
 - (A) British Constitution
 - (B) American Constitution
 - (C) Constitution of France
 - (D) Constitution of Canada
19. What is called the soul of the Indian Constitution?
 - (A) Introduction
 - (B) Fundamental rights
 - (C) Policy-guiding elements
 - (D) Citizenship
20. Berubari case is related to which year?
 - (A) 1972
 - (B) 1976
 - (C) 1970
 - (D) 1960
21. In which part of the constitution are the fundamental rights described?
 - (A) Part II
 - (B) Part III
 - (C) Part IV
 - (D) Part VI
22. Who is the guardian of fundamental rights under the Indian Constitution?
 - (A) Parliament
 - (B) President
 - (C) Judiciary
 - (D) Cabinet

23. In the Indian Constitution "Abolition of untouchability" is related to -
 (A) Article 15 (B) Article 16
 (C) Article 17 (D) Article 18
24. The constitutional amendment which is related to the right to education -
 (A) 42nd Amendment (B) 52nd Amendment
 (C) 61st Amendment (D) 86th Amendment
25. "Right to Property" is currently described in which article of the Indian Constitution -
 (A) 224 (A) (B) 290 (A)
 (C) 300 (A) (D) 312 (A)
26. Right to property is not :
 (A) Statutory right
 (B) Constitutional Rights
 (C) Fundamental Rights
 (D) Legal rights
27. In which article of the constitution are the Directive Principles of State Policy described?
 (A) Articles 14 to 32
 (B) Articles 14 to 28
 (C) Articles 36 to 51
 (D) Articles 40 to 48
28. Which of the following is the Directive Principle of State Policy
 (A) Uniform Civil Code
 (B) Freedom of the press
 (C) Freedom of religion
 (D) Equality before law
29. In which article the Directive Principles of State Policy have been made unenforceable?
 (A) Article 40 (B) Article 39
 (C) Article 38 (D) Article 37
30. Who said, 'The Directive Principles of State Policy are a cheque which is paid as per the convenience of the bank'?
 (A) B. R. Ambedkar (B) K. M. Munshi
 (C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (D) K.T. Shah
31. Which part of the Indian Constitution deals with fundamental duties?
 (A) Part X (B) Part IV A
 (C) Part XII (D) Part IX B
32. Who is the head of the executive in India?
 (A) The President
 (B) Prime Minister
 (C) Leader of the opposition party
 (D) Chief Secretary of the Government of India
33. Which part of the constitution deals with municipalities?
 (A) Part-9A (B) Part-8
 (C) Part-7 (D) Part-6
34. Which constitution did Dr. B.R. Ambedkar call 'heart and soul'?
 (A) Right to freedom of religion
 (B) Right against exploitation
 (C) Right to Constitutional Remedies
 (D) Right to freedom of religion
35. The right to vote belongs to which category?
 (A) Human rights
 (B) Civil rights
 (C) Natural rights
 (D) Political rights
36. Under which article is the appointment of the Attorney General made?
 (A) Article 74 (B) Article 75
 (C) Article 76 (D) Article 77
37. Under which article can the President dissolve the Lok Sabha?
 (A) Article 83 (B) Article 84
 (C) Article 85 (D) Article 86
38. In which article is the provision for a joint session of Parliament?
 (A) Article 100 (B) Article 108
 (C) Article 110 (D) Article 115
39. Under which article does the President issue an ordinance?
 (A) Article 120 (B) Article 121
 (C) Article 122 (D) Article 123
40. Under which article does the President constitute the Finance Commission?
 (A) Article 280 (B) Article 281
 (C) Article 282 (D) Article 283

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

भारतीय राज व्यवस्था Indian Polity

DPP-1

ANSWER KEY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
D	A	B	A	C	D	C	C	A	A	B	B	D	C	B
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
A	D	D	A	D	B	C	C	D	C	C	C	A	D	D
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
B	A	A	C	D	C	C	B	D	A					

1. Where is the headquarters of the Indian Banks' Association situated?
 - (A) Kolkata
 - (B) Delhi
 - (C) Mumbai
 - (D) Chennai
2. Where is headquarter of the Small industrial Development Bank of India (SIDBI) located?
 - (A) Lucknow
 - (B) Mumbai
 - (C) Kolkata
 - (D) Bengaluru
3. Which of the following is called GDP Deflator?
 - (A) Ratio of nominal to real GNP
 - (B) Ratio of real to nominal GNP
 - (C) Ratio of nominal to real GDP
 - (D) Ratio of nominal to real CPI
4. Who sets fiscal deficit target for the respective Financial Year?
 - (A) RBI
 - (B) Finance Minister
 - (C) President
 - (D) SBI
5. Under which of the following act, NBF is registered?
 - (A) Companies Act, 1970
 - (B) Companies Act, 1980
 - (C) Companies Act, 1956
 - (D) Companies Act, 1999
6. How many total digits are there in a PAN card.
 - (A) 7
 - (B) 8
 - (C) 12
 - (D) 10
7. In which year, Unorganized Workers Social Security Act was passed?
 - (A) 2008
 - (B) 2000
 - (C) 2005
 - (D) 2006
8. When was TRAI established?
 - (A) 2007
 - (B) 2000
 - (C) 1997
 - (D) 2002
9. In what year was the Reserve Bank of India established?
 - (A) 1935
 - (B) 1955
 - (C) 1950
 - (D) 1947
10. Which of the following is the largest public sector bank of India?
 - (A) Indian Bank
 - (B) Allahabad Bank
 - (C) State Bank of India
 - (D) Punjab National Bank
11. The rate at which the Reserve Bank provides loans to the commercial banks is called:
 - (A) Reverse Repo Rate
 - (B) Bank Loan Rate
 - (C) Dividend
 - (D) Bank Rate
12. Which five-year plan of India is based on the Harrod-Domar model?
 - (A) First Plan (1951-1956)
 - (B) Third Plan (1961-1966)
 - (C) Fourth Plan (1969-1974)
 - (D) Fifth Plan (1974-1978)
13. Indian economy is a:
 - (A) Independent economy
 - (B) Mixed economy
 - (C) Capitalist economy
 - (D) Communist economy
14. By what name is the credit card known?
 - (A) Plastic Money
 - (B) Easy Money
 - (C) Real Money
 - (D) Hard Money
15. The 14 banks which were nationalized on 19th July 1969 had the minimum deposit?
 - (A) Rs 50 crore
 - (B) Rs 25 crore
 - (C) Rs 76 crore
 - (D) Rs 80 crore
16. What is the full form of EBITDA?
 - (A) Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation Adjustment
 - (B) Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization
 - (C) Earnings Before Income, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization
 - (D) None of these
17. The Minimum Wages Act rules determine the wages to be paid to skilled and unskilled workers. When was this Act passed?
 - (A) 1947
 - (B) 1948
 - (C) 1949
 - (D) 1950
18. When was the National Small Savings Fund (NSSF) established?
 - (A) 2003
 - (B) 1995
 - (C) 1999
 - (D) 2001
19. What is the full form of PIPE deal?
 - (A) Private Investments in Public Equity
 - (B) Private Investments in Private Equity
 - (C) Public Investments in Public Equity
 - (D) Public Investments in Private Equity
20. National Small Savings Fund is a part of which of the following?
 - (A) Consolidated Fund of India
 - (B) Public Account of India
 - (C) Contingency Fund of India
 - (D) Prime Minister's Relief Fund
21. Basel where the Bank of International Settlements (BIS) is headquartered is located in which of the following countries?
 - (A) Switzerland
 - (B) Belgium
 - (C) France
 - (D) Germany
22. Who is the author of the book 'The Wealth of Nations'?
 - (A) Adam Smith
 - (B) Karl Marx
 - (C) John Maynard
 - (D) None of these
23. When was 'India Brand Equity Fund' established among the following?
 - (A) 1992 AD
 - (B) 1996 AD
 - (C) 1998 AD
 - (D) 1999 AD

24. Who propounded the Gandhian plan in 1944?
 (A) N. R. Sarkar
 (B) Shriman Narayan Agarwal
 (C) Kasturi Bhai Lal Bhai
 (D) Jaiprakash Narayan
25. The draft of Sarvodaya Plan was prepared by who among the following?
 (A) Jaiprakash Narayan (B) Ardeshir Dalal
 (C) Srimann Narayan (D) M.N. rai
26. How many of the following five year plans have been prepared so far by the Planning Commission?
 (A) 13 (B) 12
 (C) 11 (D) 10
27. When was the National Planning Committee established?
 (A) 1951 AD (B) 1947 AD
 (C) 1942 AD (D) 1938 AD
28. Which of the following is the subject of economic planning -
 (A) of the state list
 (B) of union list
 (C) of concurrent list
 (D) is not mentioned in any specific list
29. Who among the following is the author of 'Planning and the Poor'?
 (A) B.S. Minhas (B) Gunnar Myrdal
 (C) J.K. Mehta (D) David Ricardo
30. PURA scheme which envisages provision of urban amenities in rural areas in India has been implemented for the first time.
 (A) Dr. M.S. Swaminathan
 (B) Shri A.P.J. Abdul Kalam
 (C) Dr. Arvind Subramaniam
 (D) Prof. Dinshaw Mistry
31. State Bank of India was formerly known as:
 (A) Imperial Bank of India
 (B) Canara Bank
 (C) Syndicate Bank
 (D) Indian Cooperative Bank
32. One rupee note bears the signature:
 (A) Governor, Reserve Bank of India
 (B) Finance Minister
 (C) Secretary, Ministry of Finance
 (D) None of these
33. NABARD stands for:
 (A) National Business Council for Accounting and Review
 (B) National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development
 (C) National Bank for Aeronautical and Radar Development
 (D) National Bureau for Air and Road Transport
34. When was the Reserve Bank of India nationalized:
 (A) 1949 (B) 1951
 (C) 1947 (D) 1935
35. The Industrial Development Bank of India was established in:
 (A) July, 1968 (B) July, 1966
 (C) July, 1964 (D) July, 1962
36. The slogan 'Garibi Hatao' included the following:
 (A) Second plan (B) First plan
 (C) Fifth Plan (D) Fourth Plan
37. In which year was Imperial Bank formed?
 (A) 1930 (B) 1935
 (C) 1955 (D) 1921
38. The duration of the Twelfth Five Year Plan is:
 (A) From 1 January, 2012 to 31 December, 2017
 (B) From 1st April, 2011 to 31st March, 2016
 (C) From 1st January, 2011 to 31st December, 2016
 (D) From 1st April, 2012 to 31st March, 2017
39. Which Five Year Plan had a duration of only four years?
 (A) Third (B) Fourth
 (C) Fifth (D) Seventh
40. SEBI was established in:
 (A) 1992 (B) 1980
 (C) 1984 (D) 1988

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

अर्थव्यवस्था
Economic

DPP-1

ANSWER KEY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
C	A	C	B	C	D	A	C	A	C	D	A	B	A	A
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
B	B	C	A	B	A	A	D	B	A	B	D	C	A	B
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
A	C	B	A	C	C	D	D	C	D					

1. Separates Sri Lanka from India -
(A) Bay of Bengal
(B) Vindhyan mountain range
(C) Pamir gland
(D) Gulf of Mannar
2. Durand Line is the boundary line between the following two countries -
(A) India and Pakistan
(B) Pakistan and Afghanistan
(C) India and China
(D) United States and Mexico
3. India shares its land border with how many countries?
(A) 6
(B) 7
(C) 8
(D) 9
4. Which state does not share its border with Myanmar?
(A) Arunachal Pradesh
(B) Mizoram
(C) Manipur
(D) Sikkim
5. Tropic of Cancer passes through which of the following states?
(A) Jharkhand
(B) Uttar Pradesh
(C) Andhra Pradesh
(D) Odisha
6. Which of the following states does not share border with Bangladesh?
(A) Mizoram
(B) Meghalaya
(C) Tripura
(D) Manipur
7. The Kangra and Kullu valleys are located in which Indian state?
(A) Uttar Pradesh
(B) Jammu and Kashmir
(C) Himachal Pradesh
(D) Uttarakhand
8. What are the small grasslands found on the slopes of the Lesser Himalayan range called in Uttarakhand?
(A) Doon
(B) Marg
(C) Chos
(D) Bugyal and Payar
9. The peninsular plateau of India is a part of which of the following landmass?
(A) Angaraland
(B) Panthalasa
(C) Eurasian Land mass
(D) Gondwana Land mass
10. Lakshadweep group is located in-
(A) in Gulf of Kutch
(B) in the Arabian Sea
(C) in the Gulf of Mannar
(D) in the Bay of Bengal
11. Which of the following is the southernmost island of the Lakshadweep Islands?
(A) Bitra
(B) Kavaratti
(C) Amini
(D) Minicoy
12. The foothills of the Himalayas are known by which of the following names?
(A) Trans Himalaya
(B) Great Himalaya
(C) Pirpanjal
(D) Shivalik
13. In which state of the country is Zojila Pass located?
(A) Jammu and Kashmir
(B) Sikkim
(C) Uttarakhand
(D) Arunachal Pradesh
14. India's only active volcano is located at which of the following places?
(A) Car Nicobar
(B) Barren Island
(C) Maya Monkey
(D) Narcondam
15. Where is Arakanyoma, a range of the Himalayas, located?
(A) Balochistan
(B) Myanmar
(C) Nepal
(D) Thailand
16. In which state of India is Kanchenjunga, the second highest peak of the Himalayas located?
(A) Assam
(B) Uttarakhand
(C) Sikkim
(D) Himachal Pradesh
17. What are the Western Ghats?
(A) residual mountain
(B) a curved mountain
(C) a fault edge
(D) a volcanic mountain
18. The Himalaya Mountains are a main type of-
(A) volcanic mountain
(B) folded mountain
(C) block mountain
(D) residual mountain
19. Which is the highest mountain peak in India?
(A) Godwin Austin
(B) Mahendra Giri
(C) Nandakota
(D) Nandadevi
20. The former name of the Karakoram mountain range is-
(A) K-2 grade
(B) Krishnagiri
(C) Sagarmatha
(D) Rakaposhi
21. Which is the largest river island in the world?
(A) Majuli Island
(B) Agatti Island
(C) Srirangam Island
(D) Bhavani Island
22. Which of the following rivers does not originate from Nepal Himalaya?
(A) Kosi River
(B) Gandak River
(C) Narmada River
(D) Ghaghra River

23. Which of the following rivers does not fall into the Arabian Sea?
 (A) Sindhu (B) Narmada
 (C) Mahanadi (D) Tapti
24. At which place does the Alaknanda river meet the Bhagirathi river-
 (A) Haridwar (B) Dev Prayag
 (C) Rudra Prayag (D) Rishikesh
25. Which rivers confluence at Rudra Prayag?
 (A) of Bhagirathi and Alaknanda
 (B) of Ganga and Yamuna
 (C) of Gandak and Saryu
 (D) of Alaknanda and Mandakini
26. By what name is the river Ganges called in Bangladesh?
 (A) Padma (B) Ganga
 (C) Sangpo (D) Dihang
27. Which of the following is not a tributary of the Ganga?
 (A) Gandak (B) Kosi
 (C) Tapti (D) Son
28. How many states in India does the river Ganges pass through?
 (A) 4 (B) 5
 (C) 6 (D) 7
29. What is the total length of the Ganga River in India?
 (A) 1050km (B) 500km
 (C) 2525km (D) 1375km
30. Which regional division of the Himalayas is situated between the Sutlej and Kali rivers?
 (A) Punjab Himalaya
 (B) Kumaun Himalaya
 (C) Nepal Himalaya
 (D) Assam Himalaya
31. Which river originates near Trimbakeshwar?
 (A) Mahanadi (B) Tapti
 (C) Ravi (D) Godavari
32. Which river is called the grief of Bengal?
 (A) Namak River (B) Damodar River
 (C) Kosi River (D) Tapi River
33. Which river originates from Rakshastal Lake?
 (A) Chenab (B) Beas
 (C) Jhelum (D) Sutlej
34. Kolleru Lake is located in which state?
 (A) Uttarakhand (B) Andhra Pradesh
 (C) Tamil Nadu (D) Kerala
35. Keibul Lamajao, the world's only floating national park is located in which state?
 (A) Manipur (B) Assam
 (C) Nagaland (D) Tripura
36. Baba Budan hills located in the state of Karnataka are famous for the excavation of which of the following minerals?
 (A) Uranium (B) Iron ore
 (C) Bauxite (D) Manganese
37. On which river is the Hirakud Dam situated?
 (A) Rihand (B) Mahanadi
 (C) Swarnrekha (D) Bhargavi
38. Which state produces the most large cardamom in India?
 (A) Sikkim (B) Assam
 (C) Gujarat (D) Kerala
39. Durgapur Iron and Steel Plant was established with the cooperation of which country?
 (A) Britain (B) Germany
 (C) France (D) Russia
40. Where is the Diesel Locomotive Factory located?
 (A) Chittaranjan (B) Perambur
 (C) Varanasi (D) Kapurthala

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

भूगोल
 Geography

DPP-1

ANSWER KEY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
D	B	B	D	A	D	C	D	D	B	D	D	A	B	B
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
C	C	B	A	B	A	C	C	B	D	A	C	B	C	B
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40					
D	B	D	B	A	B	B	D	A	C					